THE GREATEST EDUCATOR. Commissioner Harris Says It Is the

Daily Newspaper. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- The annual report of Dr. W. T. Harris, Commissioner of Education, says that 23 per cent. of the population attends school during some period of the year. The average period of attendance in the year, however, is only eighty-nine days for each pupil. The report says: "It would seem to be the purpose of our system to give in the elementary school to every child the ability to read. After he leaves school he is expected to continue his education by reading newspapers and books. The great increase of public libraries in the United States is significant of progress toward the realization of this ideal. In 1892 we had over four thousand libraries, with more than one thousand volumes in each. The schools teach how to read; the libraries furnish what to read. But far surpassing the libraries in educational influence are the daily newspapers and magazines. We are governed by public opinion as ascertained and expressed by the newspapers to such a degree that our civilization is justly to be called a newspaper civilization. The library and the newspapers are our chief school and the university. Lecture courses, scientific and literary associations are assisting largely. The work in the churches of the land is an even more potent factor in

BOON TO SCOTS.

Democracy's Turiff Law Aiding Foreign Manufactorers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- Further light is thrown on the workings of the new tariff act by United States Consul Morse at Glasgow in a special report to the Department of State. He says: "Large orders are being received by merchants here since precedented trade between Glasgow and the United States, both as to exports and imports. Every indication points that way. The enactment and operation of the law have given a new impetus to trade be-tween Glasgow and the United States, the months of August and September showing a very perceptible increase in the number of invoices and the value of exportation as compared with the preceding months. The value of exportations for the quarter ending June 30, 1894, was \$703,674; for the As compared with the same quarter of last year, there has been an increase of \$60,309, all in the months of August and Septem-

Judge Advocate-General's Report. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- In his annual report to the Secretary of the Navy, Judge Advocate-general Lumly comments most favorably upon the excellent working of the new law permitting alien sailors in our navy to be naturalized. He says the good effect of this legislation cannot be overestimated, and hopes that the time is not far distant when the records of the department will show that the naval service is composed entirely of American citizens. Touching the coaling station in Pago Pago harbor, for the establishment of which Congress, in 1889, appropriated \$100,-000, the report says that the department has purchased six tracts of land known as Goat island, Swimming Point, Sogelan, Fagaone, Lefaga Faga, Manga Alii and the Krause tract. Further purchases to connect the tracts can be made at any time. Some trouble was experienced owing to complication of titles, but these were finally adjusted by the Samoan Land Commis-

Patents Granted Indianians.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.-Patents have been granted the following residents of Indiana: Charles E. Adamson, Muncie, assignor to A. Hallett, Somerville, Mass., producing copied effects on printed matter; Alvin Arnold, Burkett, mole trap; John H. Barr, deceased, Roanoke, J. M. Barr, administrator, automatic boiler cleaner; B. Cauble, Spencer, scythe rack Joseph Duffy, Terre Haute, horse boot George W. Farmer, Indianapolis, shuttle guide for looms; Harry Jones, Richmond ump; Chauncey G. Moore, assignor of onehalf to T. F. Scullin, Indianapolis, oil burner; Abraham J. Neff. assignor of one-W. B. Lehman, Goshen, saw-filing machine: William H. Northall, assignor of two-thirds to J. H. Polsdorfer & Sons, Evansville, cork-holding bottle cap; La-fayette D. Railsback, Indianapolis, rotary plow; Raleigh H. Staley, Sheridan, method of and apparatus for removing water or oil from bottoms of gas wells.

Death from Smallpox. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- One death from smallpox, one new case and one suspected case have been reported to the Health Office to-day. William Owens, a messenger of the Interior Department, who has been in the hospital for several days, died to-day. Van Buren Nerwood, a clerk in the Census Bureau, waich is connected with the Interior Department, was stricken at his home at Hyattsville, Md., a suburb of Washington, and investigation by a surgeon of the Marine Hospital Bureau veri-fied the suspicion that he had smallpox. The suspected case is that of another In-terior Department clerk, who resides at Garrett Park, a suburban village, but the nature of his disease has not been determined. Every case so far developed is di-

of the child who died of what was reported to the hospital as chicken pox. Hirsch Not Sending Jews Here.

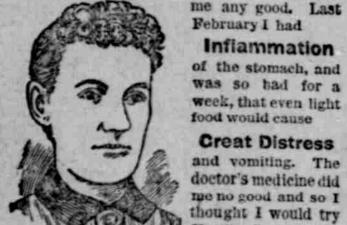
WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- Superintendent Stump, of the Immigration Bureau, has received a letter from Baron Hirsch, of the Jewish Colonization Association, in which in speaking of the Jewish emigration into the United States he says: "Far from favoring this emigration, I have, as you may be aware, for the past two years endeavored to turn it to the Argentine Republic, where the Jewish Colonization Association has already established many colonies, and is still establishing others. • • The asecciation does not only do nothing to favor sraelite immigration to the United States, but, as far as I am aware, there are no other societies desirous of forcing or inducing them to go to your country or help-ing them directly or indirectly to that end."

Strike Commission's Report. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- Labor Commissioner Wright and his colleagues on the national strike commission have completed the report on the Debs strike, and it will soon be in the hands of the printer. The expectation is that it will be presented to the President within the next two weeks. It will cover about thirty-five printed pages. The evidence taken by the commission will make 2,000 printed pages, but this will not be hurried to completion, as it was made public at the time it was given and the report succinctly presents so much of the evidence as bears on the important

conclusions reached by the commission.

West Commends Cleveland. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30,-The annual report of Governor Caleb West, of Utah, was published to-day. In it he charges the Southern Pacific railroad with being responsible for dumping the California industrial army upon the people of Utah. He says the expense to the Territory for the maintenance of Kelly and his men was about \$3,000, and unless the Territory is reimbursed it will sue the Southern Pacific company. He commends President Cleve-

Distress in the Stomach time and could not get anything that would do



Infiammation of the stomach, and was so bad for a week, that even light food would cause Creat Distress

and vomiting. The doctor's medicine did me no good and so I

thought I would try Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken two bottles I could eat anything without having the least bit of distress. I have only taken five bottles and my general health is much bet-

ter." ED. CHAMPLEN, Groton City, New York. Mood's Pills should be in every household.

land's action in granting amnesty to polygamists, and recommends the restora-tion to the Morman Church its realty

worth \$285,000. Hoke Smith Probably Quarantined. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- The usual semiweekly Cabinet meeting was held at the White House to-day, with all the members in attendance, except Secretary Smith, who, it is understood, remained away as a measure of precaution, owing to the appearance of smallpox in his department. Considerable business was dispatched at the meeting, several questions being disposed of that had been pending in the various departments for many weeks. One of the questions considered, it is understood, was the case of Howard, Mr. Morton's under coach-

Customs Broker in Trouble. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- The case of Lee D. Craig, of San Francisco, who is charged by the Civil-service Commission with sending letters to clerks in the San Francisco custom house asking for campaign contributions, has been referred by Secretary Carlisle to the collector of customs at San Francisco for an investigation and report. Craig is said to be a customs broker, having a desk in the custom house building, where he displays a notary public shingle.

General Notes. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- The cash balance in the treasury to-day was \$112,309,193; gold reserve, \$61,452,184. The President has appointed William M. Campbell, of Minnesota, United Stars marshal for Minnesota in place of J. Adam

Bede, resigned. An order was issued from the War Department to-day dissolving the Military Prison Board and apointing a new board. The old board was composed of Brigadier General Wesley Merritt, Quartermaster General Bachelor, Lieutenant Colonel T. F. Darr and Lieutenant Colonel H. C. Corbin. The new board is composed of Brigadier General McCook, Lieutenant olonel H. C. Corbin, Lieutenant Colonel Guy V. Henry, Fifth Cavalry, and Major

G. B. Davis, recorder

James P. Willat was appointed post-master of Washington to-day by President Cleveland. He is a member of a well-known firm of hatters and a life-long resident of Washington. He has been one of the leaders of the District Democracy.
Reports having been circulated that today's Cabinet meeting resulted in the man-ifestation of a difference of opinion between Secretary Carlisle and Attorney-general Olney, it can be stated with em-phasis that there is no truth or foundation in fact for the report.

SOCIETY IN A STEW.

certain waether to Boycott Wealthy Young "You Know."

NEW YORK, Oct. 30 .- The people of the pretty town of Ridgewood, N. J., for the past two months have been having a better time gossiping than they had had for nearly a decade, and all on account of a young Englishman named John West, who, after being hostler at the Herbert House for two years, announced that he had fallen heir to a fortune of \$125,000, and that he was going to stay in Ridgewood and invest it in real estate. The four hundred of the place felt themselves in a pretty pickle when this announcement was made. What were they to do? Could they receive with open arms a youth for two years a hostler at the inn? Yet the fact remained that he had \$125,000 in cash, and apparently to prove that he had he proceeded to buy a \$1,400 tandem team and let a contract for a \$15,000 house to be built on one of the most fashionable streets. But to counteract that again, it was rumored that he was engaged to one of the young waitresses at the Herbert House. West was seen at the Herbert House, where he was waiting for his coachman to bring around a new horse he had bought and which he was going to try. "I don't know what all this fuss is about," he said to the reporter. "There is not anything wonderful about my getting \$125,000, for I have always known that I was to get it, you know, and I am going to have more when my father dies. I did not have to work as a hostler, you know.' "What made you leave England and

"Well, you know my father, David West, s a rich man who lives in Newmarket, England. He is a retired captain of the British navy. Now I had a chum named Arthur Donnelly, son of Sir Peter Don-nelly, an Irish baronet. Well, now, you know, one day we had a little quarrel and he fell to guying me, and said that I could not earn my own living. That made me hot and I wagered him a hundred pounds that I could earn my own living with my hands, and he took me up. You know peo-ple look at things differently in the old country from what they do here, so, without letting my people know, I sailed on the Campania on her second trip and landed in New York in June, 1892, with \$350 in my pocket. I had a friend there, and through him came down to Ridgewood within a month after landing and went to work for Mr. Estis, the well driller. After working a month at that I found I was not strong enough and so I came to work for Mr. Herbert as hostler. You know," he added, "I was considered the best amateur rider in Newmarket. My father wrote to me to come home, though he did not know what kind of work I was doing, but I knew what a guying I'd get and liked the country and stayed, for I knew it would be only a short time before I'd get this

WAR ON SUGAR PRICES.

The Trust Is Fighting Overloaded Wholesale Grocers.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.-Sugar took another tumble in price to-day and surprised the jobbers, who had concluded that it was already down to the bottom notch. It was regarded as a slap back by the refineries at the wholesale grocers who had recently unloaded large quantities of sugar on the market below the refinery compact prices. Said a well-known jobber: "This dropping of prices has been decided on by the refineries on all sugars refined before the Wilson tariff schedule went into effect, and known as second-hand sugars, in order to meet the cutting of prices by large jobbers, who are unloading on the market just now. The chances are that sugar will go still lower, notwithstanding the refineries are virtually closed. The reduction ex-tends to all grades of refined and averages sc per pound.

GEHRING KNOCKED OUT.

Stanton Abbott Was Too Wily for the American Champion. BALTIMORE, Oct. 30 .- Stanton Abbott, of England, and Charles Gehring, ex-amateur champion of the United States, fought at the Academy of Music to-night. The fight was announced as a six-round go. From the start Gehring began to force the fight, and the one thousand spectators applauded every time he landed a blow. Abbott protected his face with his hands, and the body blows he got were when he was retreating. The first two rounds looked like honors would be even at the end of the sixth round. Abbott was waiting for an opening to get in his right, and led Gehring on. At the beginning of the third round he got the opening he wanted and landed a staggering blow on Gehring's neck. Gehring then became a little more cautious. and again Abbott became apparently careless. He led Gehring on, and when he got the opening he wanted he made a half right arm swing and caught Gehring under the ear. Gehring fell, but was up again in eight seconds. Abbott measured his dis-

Lowered Their Own Record. DECATUR, Ill., Oct. 30 .- O. P. Bernhardt and L. F. Goetz, of the Cleveland bicycling racing team, to-day made one-third of a mile, tandem, flying start, in 31 3-5 seconds, lowering their own world's record of :31 4-5.

tance and again let his right go. This time

he caught Gehring on the point of the jaw

and Gehring went down and out. Gehring

won the amateur championship in New

York city last March, whipping four men

Yale Will Not Play Cornell. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 30. - Ben Cable, the Yale manager, says there will be no football game between Yale and Cornell this year. Yale, he says, has no open

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" Has been used over fif'y years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colle, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Rent allowed on purchase of a piano at

HIS LEFT LUNG REPORTED TO BE IN A CONGESTED CONDITION.

Yesterday Respiration Was Difficult, Pulse Weak, Temperature 100, and He Had Fits of Shivering.

FATHER IVAN AT LIVADIA

COMMUNION ADMINISTERED BY THE HOLY MAN OF CRONSTADT.

Prince and Princess of Wales Summoned by the Czarina-Rosebery's Speech Attacked by Salisbury.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30 .- A bulletin from Livadia, timed 10 o'clock to-night, says during the day the spitting of blood by the Czar continued. The patient was sometimes seized with fits of shivering. His temperature was 100 degrees Fahrenheit and his pulse ninety. The pulsations were weak. Respiration is difficult. His Majesty can take little nourishment, and is becoming very weak. The cedema has

considerably increased. The morning bulletin, issued at 10 o'clock, said: "The general condition of the Czar has become considerably worse. Last night the spitting of blood, which began yesterday with severe coughing, increased. Symptoms of congestion of the left lobe of the lungs have manifested themselves. His Majesty's condition is one of danger."

The Czar received holy communion yesterday. It was administered by Father Ivan, "Holy John, of Cronstadt." All the Czar's immediate relatives are at Livadia, including the Queen of Greece, the eldest daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, brother of the late Emperor Alexander II. The children of the Queen f Greece have also arrived there. The court minister, Count Vorontzoff-Dachkoff, the procurator of the Holy Synod, Father Pobledonosteff and Prince Dolgorouki, the grand master of the ceremonies, are also in attendance upon his Majesty.

How the News Was Received. LONDON, Oct. 31. - The Times's St. Petersburg correspondent says: When tolay's bulletins from Livadia were-published the people fell upon their knees and with tears in their eyes prayed for the Czar's recovery. To-night's bulletin relieved the anxiety resulting from several unfounded rumors that his Majesty was already dead. It is stated that inflammation of the lungs has weakened the action of the heart. A private telegram from Yalta says that the doctors in attendance on his Majesty held an unusually long consultation to-night; hence the issuing of the bulletin was later than usual. The Emperor is conscious and able to converse with the doctors and his relatives. The Czarina never leaves the sick room. His Majesty suffers heroically and makes no complaint. Yesterday he tried to attend to state papers and letters, out was obliged to stop by violent fits of coughing which lasted some hours. The coughing was accompanied by intense pain. When blood appeared in the phlegm the doctors were undecided at first as to whether the blood was from the throat or lungs. The cough continued all night. The Czar made no attempt to return to his bed, but remained in his arm chair. Dr. Zacharin is of opinion that a portion of the clotted blood got into the left lung and produced inflammation. It is hoped that the clot may get absorbed, otherwise

breathing will seriously be impeded. To-day his Majesty has eaten nothing He looks pale and worn. He has taken medicine, including digitalis. When the doctors went to his room at the usual time to-night his Majesty declined to receive them until 9 o'clock. The town wears a mountful aspect. The late hour at which the bulletin was received added to the anxiety. Touching scenes are witnessed in the streets. The people uncover and cross themselves before the places where the bulletins are posted and many of them shed tears. Copies of the bulletins are distributed by news agents, and when these agents appear on the streets the bulletins are snatched from their hands by the anx-

Celebration at Livadia.

LONDON, Oct. 30 .- A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Yalta says that the sixth anniversary of the Czar's escape from death in the railroad disaster near Borki was celebrated yesterday with great solemnity at Livadia and elsewhere throughout Russia. At Yalta the services were conducted at the palace by the confessor of the Emperor, and were attended perial family, the Queen of Greece and the guests of the imperial family, in addition to the court attendants and persons of all ranks who were on the train at the time of the accident. The banquet which is usually given on the evening of the anniversary, was abandoned. Father Ivan conlucted services during the day, the first the chapel at Livadia and afterwards Yalta. The correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette says that the illness of the Czar has again assumed a serious turn and that although he is not actually dying,

the end is near. Obtained a Little Sleep. COPENHAGEN, Oct. 30 .- A telegram received here this evening states that the Czar was refreshed by obtaining a little sleep during the day. The phlegm that he expectorated was less bloody. Otherwise, his condition was unchanged.

Called to Livadia.

LONDON, Oct. 30 .- At the urgent request f the Czarina, which was received at Marlborough House this afternoon, the Prince and Princess of Wales will start tomorrow morning for Livadia, and will travel night and day until they get there.

FAMILY TROUBLES OF THE CZAR. House of Romanoff in a Jangle of Jealousies and Bitterness. St. Petersburg Letter.

The serious illness of the Czar at such a critical time as the present is drawing the attention of the world not only to the political consequences which his death would bring forth, but also to the singularly unhappy life and the great family troubles which have made the fate of Alexander III an unenviable one. The family relations in the house of Romanoff are not the best outside of the immediate circle of the Czar, and several members of the imperial family do not enjoy his favor. The estrangement in some cases is such that the ill-favored is entirely expelled from the

Grand Duke Nicholas Constantinovich, oldest son of the late Grand Duke Constantin Nikolajevich, has been deprived of all his offices and titles and lives in exile in Turkestan. He had been wayward in They were paced by E. E. Anderson and his youth and was banished by his uncle, Alexander II. After the latter's death he appeared unexpectedly in St. Petersburg and requested from his reigning cousin. the present Czar, a reinstatement in all his rights. This was denied him and he embraced Nihilism. The Czar had him ar-rested, and after being kept for some time at the fortress of Schluesselburg he was exiled to Turkestan, where he is closely watched. Nicholas Constantinovich went so far as to become a pretender to the throne on the following untenable grounds: According to the Russian constitution the oldest son of the Czar is the successor to the throne. Alexander I was not born as son of the Czar, but was the eldest son of Grand Duke Nicholas, whose succession to the throne at that time was not yet assured. On the other hand, Grand Duke Constantin, second son of Grand Duke Nicholas, was born after his father had become Czar and was therefore the eldest son of the Czar, as some cunningly assert. Thus, as the exiled Grand Duke claims.

his father ought to have been Czar and he himself his successor. Silly as this theory is, it induced Alexander II to issue a rule according to which the oath of fealty to it be given at each change of the throne not only to the new Czar but also to his

Another Grand Duke, Michael Michael-ovitch, son of the Field Marshal Grand Duke Michael Nikolajevich, brought the anger of his parents and the Czar unto him by his marriage to the Countess of Merenberg, daughter of Prince Nicholas of Nassau and Miss Pushkin. He was not deprived of his rights as Grand Duke, but was stricken from the lists of the army, in which he held several important posi-tions. His oldest son, Nicholas Michaelo-vich, is also no favorite with the Emperor and the family. About ten years ago he was to enter the Chevaller Guards, the most aristocratic cavalry regiment, but the officers resented this and it took a strong expression of the imperial will to make the Grand Duke a member of this exclusive troop. He is, not without justification, suspected of nihilistic sentiments.

Grand Duke Nicolas Nicolajevich, old son of the late Field Marshal, Grand Duke

Nicolas, is another member of the imperial family who does not enjoy the favor of the Czar. Neither is he popular in the army, in which he holds the position of commander of the Second Division of Cav-alry Guards But being a good soldier he is kept in his position. His social intercourse is limited to few confidants, and he keeps away from the family and the offi-cers' corps as much as possible. Only a strict imperial command restricted him from marrying a woman far below his sta-

The mother of Grand Duke Nicolas, Grand Duchess Alexandra Petrowna, born Princess of Oldenburg, lives in voluntary retirement in a convent at Kiew. Monks are her sole companions. She retired to the convent on account of an unhappy marriage. Her brother, Duke Constantin of Oldenburg, of the Russian line of the house, is also not well liked at court and has to live at the Caucasus. He has not improved the record of his somewhat shady past by a mesalliance.

SALISBURY SPEAKS.

He Criticises Lord Rosebery's Speech Against the Lords.

EDINBURGH, Oct. 30 .- A conference of the Scottish conservative associations was held here to-day. A very large number of persons were present. It was expected that Arthur J. Balfour, Conservative leader in the House of Commons, would be present, but he could not attend on account of illness. Ex-Prime Minister Salisbury made a speech, in which he scathingly criticised Rosebery's recent speech at Bradford. He described the agitation against the House of Lords as a herring drawn across the path of home rule. He did not believe that Rosebery was in earnest in his proposed vague reasons regarding the House of Lords. It would be harmless, and if submitted to the country it would be in no wise like the foreign referendum to which Rosebery had likened it. He himself would not speak against a referendum; in fact, he thought it decidedly advantageous in the form in which it existed in America for good government and the stability of the country. Doubtless Archbishop Walsh's well drilled battalions would pass Rosebery's resolution against the voice of the country. "Do you," he asked, " imagine that the resolution would possess any moral authority whatever or that any sane human being could imagine that England or Scotland would abase themselves so far as to put their necks under the heel of south and west Ireland? It is a ludicrous proposal. They may pass all the resolutions they like, never be accepted by the House of Lords, and, therefore, will never be recognized by the courts of law. No such change in the Constitution is possible without a considerable majority of the people being in its Lord Salisbury urged that on several oceasions, in his experience, the House of Lords had supported Liberal measures

against Conservative opposition. If the House of Lords had become virtually a Conservative body it was because Mr. Gladstone's ill-advised Irish policy had driven them in that direction. If the Irish question was once moved out of the way the House of Lords would gradually, though perhaps slowly, settle back in the old position in which the parties were evenly balanced. It was well for the safety of institutions which, once overthrown, could never be replaced, that the balance of the parties in the House of Lords should join conservatism. He added: "If the question of handing the government of the country over entirely to a single chamber should come before the country, which I do not believe it will do, we would have to confront the greatest danger that the community has had to face in many centuries. Remember that the domination of a single chamber has not been adopted by any considerable country on the face of the earth. If any one thinks that the government of Greece has been a success under the single assembly let him buy Greek stocks. Can it be supposed possible to govern India by an independent House of Commons, where the ideas of faddists might become law without a chance of an appeal to a higher authority? One other point; but for the House of Lords it would now have eighty votes in the House of Commons, salable to the highest bidding party, making you and your interests slaves of Archbishop Walsh and his friends.'

Without saying anything about the maintenance of the House of Lords in its present form, Lord Salisbury appealed to all who believed in the religious institutions of the country, in freedom, in the security of contract and the sanctity of property to combine to support the second chamber. which he declared was necessary to control the decisions of the elective chambers. He spoke over an hour and twenty minutes with great difficulty, owing to the hoarseness arising from a cold.

APPOINTED GOVERNOR.

Hohenlohe-Langenburg to Rule Over Alsace-Lorraine. BERLIN, Oct. 30 .- Prince Hohenlohe-Langenburg arrived here this morning and received a visit from the Chancellor. Prince Hohenlohe-Schillingsfurst. At noon Prince Hohenlohe-Langenburg had an audience with Emperor William. Subsequently the appointment of the Prince to be Governor of Alsace-Lorraine was announced. The Cologne Gazette says that Von Bieberstein, while retaining his present

office of Imperial Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has been appointed a member of the Prussian Cabinet, without The Emperor and Empress to-day gave a farewell audience to ex-Chancellor Von Caprivi. The appointment of Baron Marshall Bieberstein as Prussian Minister is a signal mark of the Emperor's confidence and valuable proof that the German policy will not be changed. It is believed that Dr. Von Schelling, Prussian Minister of Justice, and Von Heiden-Cadow, Prussian Minister of Agriculture, will be replaced in order to strengthen the Ministry.

CABINET CRISIS IN SPAIN. Resignation of the Ministry, Owing

to Serious Differences. MADRID, Oct. 30 .- As a result of the Cabinet council held to-day the Ministers have tendered their resignations. Minister Sagasta has gone to inform the Queen Regent of the action of the Cabinet. It is believed that the crisis will be found to be difficult of solution. Though the causes that have led to the resignation of the Spanish Ministry cannot at present be positively stated, it is pretty safe to assume that the crisis was partly precipitated by colonial questions. The government recent-ly arranged with the Bank of Spain for an advance of 10,000,000 pesotas in Spanish silver dollars to replace the Mexican dollars in the Porto Rico company. This project was strenuously opposed by Senor Maura, the Colonial Minister, but his colleagues persisted in carrying out the arrangement, and Senor Maura resigned. This, however, was but one of the serious differences in the Cabinet on the government's colonial

Beware of Patent Swindlers. LONDON, Oct. 30.-Owing to complaints received by the United States embassador. by the Lord Mayor of London and by other officials, the police of Scotland Yard and the officials of the United States legation have broken up the swindling operations of a firm of patent lawyers doing business in Chancery lane. In addition the United States embassy warns American inventors not to answer circulars offering to obtain English patents unless they are satisfied that these circulars come from duly author-

Hippolyte About to Resign. JAMAICA, Oct. 30.-Advices from Port Au Prince say that President Hippolyte. of Hayti, is about to resign. General Managat is about to sail from San Domingo. He is going to Port Au Prince.

Prize-Fighter Stabbed. NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Jack Skelly, the ight-weight pugilist, is at his home in Williamsburg with several stab wounds in question for itself.

the back of his neck, inflicted with forks wielded, he says, by Timmy Creed, also a light-weight pugilist, who used to be instructor at the Brooklyn Athletic Club, and George Maloney, who has occasionally appeared in Williamsburg as a boxer. Skelly was stabbed on Oct. 18. He did not intend to say anything about the matter, but his physician, Dr. Francis M. Burke, fearing that Skelly might die from blood poisoning; notified the police and warrants were issued for the arrest of Creed and Maloney. Maloney was arrested at his home in North First street, Williamsburg, but Creed could not be found.

CATHOLICS AT PEACE

ARCHBISHOP CORRIGAN BOWS TO THE WILL OF THE POPE.

He Is Said to Have Promised to Give Satolli Leyal Support-Spaulding Also Comes Into Line.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.-The mystery which

surrounded the recent annual meeting of

Catholic archbishops at Philadelphia and the subsequent gathering here is still unbroken. But from events subsequent to the meeting the conclusion is drawn that an important step was taken toward the unification of the principal Catholic ecclesiastics in the United States, in the termination of antagonisms which have arisen over Monsignor Satolli's presence in this country, and in more complete support and loyalty to the papal delegate in the future. Whether the archbishops took formal action on the subject is not known. Immediately after the meeting Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, paid a visit to Mgr. Satolli at the latter's residence in Washington. The two ecclesiastics were together three hours, and the result is believed to have been of a gratifying character to the ablegate and archbishops. The latter had been persistently represented as the head of a schism against the delegate, and it has even been asserted that pamphlets opposing Satolli filed with the Vatican have been inspired by the Archbishop's adherents. Many of these state-ments have been sensational and unjust, but they served to foment trouble which in various parts of the country took the form of outbreaks against the authority of Mgr. Satolli. It is stated, however, that all these differences are now adjusted, and that henceforth there will be the fullest recognition of the ablegate's authority. This ecognition coming so soon after the mee ing of the archbishops is regarded as a direct result of the gathering. It is said that Archbishop Corrigan's call on Mgr. Satolli was not unusual, as the former had called before, but the proximity of the call to the adjournment of the archbishops is considered significant. Only one trifling cause of irritation remains, and that results from an article written by Bishop Spalding in the North American Review, in which he attributed the A. P. A. movement to the presence of Mgr. Satolli in this country. It is believed that the Bishop has made amends and explanations for the misapprehension created by his article, and that this matter has been smoothed over in part at least. The unity of action toward Mgr. Satolli is regarded as coming op-portunely before the Pope's approaching encyclical enlarging the delegate's author-It is also said that the recognition of Mgr. Satolii's authority by the American hierarchy was quite as important and desirable as the conferring of the authority

What Satolli Says.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- Monsignor Satolli was seen at his residence concerning the New York dispatch to the effect that Archbishop Corrigan had recently called on him and that there was unity of action within the church in loyalty to the dele-gate. He said the Archbishop had called on him about two weeks ago, soon after the meeting of the archbishops, and a cor ference lasting several hours had been held. The ablegate would not discuss the nature of the conference or the reported unity in

recognizing the delegate's authority. Cardinal Gibbons Interviewed. BALTIMORE, Oct. 30.-Regarding the recent meeting of archbishops at Philadelphia Cardinal Gibbons to-day said: "Nothing of the character referred to in the dispatches touching Mgr. Satolli's differences with others transpired. As to the other matters mentioned the whole thing is guess work to which no importance need be attached."

RIGHTS OF ARCHBISHOPS.

They Can Place Newspapers Under the Ban of the Church. MONTREAL, Oct. 30 .- Judge Doherty dismissed the Canada Revue case to-day. The Revue began a series of severe attacks on the Roman Catholic Church. Archbishop Fabre put the publication under the ban of the church, and the Revue sued the bishop for \$50,000. The judge dismisses the case on the ground that the Archbishop acted with-in the bounds of his authority and without malice, and because it did not interfere with the plaintiff's right of selling the paper to whomsoever wanted to read it. Judge Doherty said that such a high diglitary of church as an archbishop, who is the spiritual adviser of many thousand souls, has a perfect right to warn persons under his spiritual charge against pernicious literature, and also to condemn cer-tain so-called Catholic publications which attack his church. The judge said that the plaintiff may have suffered damages, although as a professed Catholic who pubished what were considered by his spi ual superior obscene or unorthodox arti-cles he would have no grounds for redress. Therefore, the costs of the suit were levied against the plaintiff. An appeal to the Privy Council is threatened.

TESTS OF SHELLS.

Intended to Pierce Thin Armor and Burst Inside Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 .- A series of interesting tests of shells that will penetrate ships having thin armor and then burst inside was begun at the Indian Head proving grounds to-day. The Navy Department contemplates purchasing several hundred of these shells for the big battle ships, and for this purpose invited five firms making shells to submit samples. Two of these, one made by the Wheeler Sterling Company, and the other by the Midvale Steel Company, were tried to-day. Both were fired with a velocity of 975 feet against a seven-inch nickel steel plate, and both went through the plate and backing and into the earth. They were recoverd comparatively uninjured. Commodore Sampson, chief of the ordnance bureau, says the test showed that both were excellent projectiles. The tests will be continued Thursday. Another charge was fired to-day from the Hurst gun. To-day's powder charge, 184 pounds, was the largest yet, and the velocity the projectile attained was 2,452 feet and a maximum pressure of 15 8-10 tons. . This is about three hundred greater than the velocity obtained from an ordinary gun of similar calibre, although part of the increased velocity, Commodore Sampson says, may shave been due to the fact that the tail of the projectile, which weighs about one hundred pounds, was broken off. This was the case with two projectiles fired from this gun last week, and the department will make some steel projectiles before further tests are conducted.

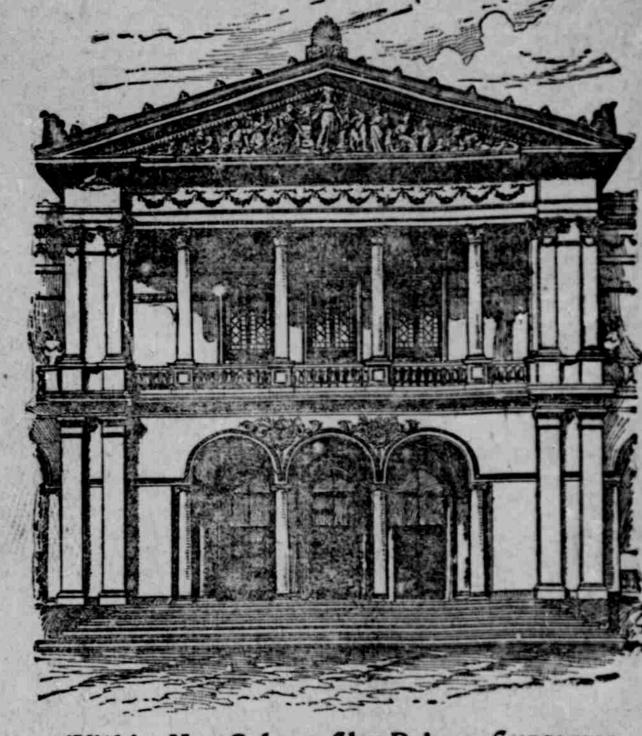
IS IT A "COMBINE?"

Organization Formed by Ment Packers of Western States.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 30.-Representatives from the packing houses of St. Joseph, Kansas City, Nebraska City, Omaha and Sioux City met in the Commercial Club rooms to-day and organized the Missouri River Packers' Association. The object of the association is to consider questions that interest all the packers alike, but not questions that would affect only one or two. Heretofore, who never any general matter came up it we necessary to correspond with each packer and by the time a line of action was laid out the necessity in many cases had passed. The new association is designed to do away with this inconvenience. Its meetings, therefore, will occur whenever a need for such arises, although there will be two stated meetings

At to-day's meeting the following officers were elected: President, John S. Knox, of Omaha; secretary, E. E. Matchette, of Kansas City; treasurer, W. H. Maxwell, of St. Joseph. Provision was made for an executive committee of five, one from each of the packing centers in the association, but members have not as yet been named. No action was taken in regard to the threatened advance in the rates on packing-house products, which matter will be discussed in Chicago next Thursday by a committee of the Western trunk lines. It is proposed to let each city work out the land her son were dead in bed. The grand-

The Woman's Era.



Within Her Sphere She Reigns Supreme.

Woman claims her own. Her field widens constantly. Every day brightens her prospects. Her progress foreshadows the greater triumph at hand. Emancipation and equality are her positions in the years to come.

Prophetic of final victory were her acmevements at the World's Fair. At her shrine there erected the nations bowed. The lesson taught at the "Woman's Building" will last "till time shall be no more." Their enlightening influence will be felt around the globe throughout the dawning century. Only less memorable were the honors gained at the Fair by

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

The highest award conferred on this peerless preparation, is a fitting accompaniment of the laurels won by the women of America.

SEVEN PEOPLE SUFFOCATED IN

NEW YORK TENEMENT HOUSE. Woman Fatally Mangled by Jumping from a Window-Three Burglars

Killed by the Cars.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30 .-- Seven people were smothered to death by smoke in a tenement house fire at 216 West Thirty-second street this morning. Another woman jumped from the third-story window and will die. The fire came suddenly and cut off all escape by the stairways. In the excitement everybody looked only to his or her own safety and rushed down the fire escape. The following perished in the

GEORGE FRIEDMAN, aged four years. LEVI FRIEDMAN, three years.

ANNIE APPLEBLATT, twenty-two LENA MITCHELL, twenty-four years. MRS. MARGARET KILLIAN, seventy

JACOB KILLIAN, her son, forty years. GEORGE LEVY, Mrs. Killian's grandson, twenty years. Lena Friedman, mother of the dead chil dren, jumped from the third-story window. She was badly crushed and mangled and will die. The house is a five-story brick tenement, the ground floor being occupied by a grocery and the upper floors being arranged with front and rear apartments. There are seven families in the ple is by means of a stair way, narrow and dark, which runs directly through the center of the building. On either side the tenement are houses that tower a story above the house which was burned. In the rear of the burned house is a little yard twenty feet square, completely hemmed in by the tall tenements. The fire was discovered at 3 o'clock by passers by. When a policeman arrived the door of the tenement was open and on the inside the fire glowed like a torch. He could see that the stairway was being rapidly burned away. Still there was not a sign of life from the people in the house. To enter the house meant death. The only hope for those within was in arousing them by

shouts, in which the policeman was aided

by those who had been attracted by the

Suddenly, to the noise of flames as they burned away the stairway, there was added an awful cry. One of the tenants in the upper part of the house had been aroused and stood at the window of the fifth floor. It was Mrs. Eberwein, was lived alone on that floor. In another minute there was not a window in the front of the house that did not contain the wildly frightened face of some man, woman or child, each of them appealing for aid The faces in the windows were framed in smoke, which poured forth in volumes. In the absence of the firemen, who had not yet arrived, the spectators were powerless to assist those in the building further than to remind them of the fire escapes. By these, first one woman and then others the tenants to the number of twenty reached the ground, descending in the midst of flame and smoke before the ladder trucks arrived. The flames which started in the cellar did scarcely any damage to the ground or second floors, but on the third story they spread over the entire rear portion. There lived the family of Nathan Friedman, his wife, Lena, and his three young children. There were also two boarders, Annie Ap oleblatt, aged twenty-two, and Lena Mi chell, aged twenty-four. Nathan Friedman was first aroused by the smoke and noise The room in which he, his wife and baby slept was already filled with smoke. Clutch ing the baby in his arms and forgetting all else he sprang to the window and descended by the fire escape. Mrs. Friedman, too, had rushed to a window, but not where the fire escape was. The escape was but two feet from her, but fright deprived her of her reason. Behind her were the flames; twenty-five feet below her was the yard. She leaped from the window and fell into the rear basement area and was badly injured. She was conscious, however, and cried wildly for her children, who were still in the burning rooms.

The fire was extinguished soon after the hose was turned on, and though the work of rescue was prosecuted with zeal from the instant the firemen arrived on the scene, they were too late. The Friedman children and the two boarders slept in an inner apartment. The fire had not reached them, but the smoke had reached the room and at least three of the occupants had suffocated without being aware of their peril George and Levi Friedman and Lena Mitchell were still in bed when found, and the peaceful expression of their faces showed they had no knowledge of the death that came to them so suddenly. Annie Appleblatt was lying dead on the floor. Her face was black. She had her dress and shoes on. Evidently she had been aroused and had stopped to don her clothing and had died before she finished her task. On the fourth floor, also in the rear, were found the remaining victims of the fire. There Mrs. Killian, a widow, aged seventy son was on the floor half way to the rear

window. Mrs. Friedman was conveyed to the hospital. It was thought she could live but a short time. The damage to the house will not exceed \$2,000.

Supposed Burglars Killed. WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 30 .- As the

result of a wreck on the Beach Creek railroad at an early hour this morning three persons were killed and one was fatally injured. The wreck occurred at a point between Peale and Viaduct, and was caused by a brake beam dropping. Seventeen cars were piled in a mass. The trainmen at once set to work to release a man who had been stealing a ride who was wedged beneath the debris. Before they had proceeded far it was discovered that there were others in the wreck, and before it was all removed three bodies had been taken out. The names of the three victims could not be ascertained, but it is believed that they are burglars, as they had two complete kits of burglars' tools; each man also carried a revolver. On the clothes of one of the men was found the

Two Killed by a Sawmill Boller. PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 30 .- By the explosion of the boiler of the sawmill of A. T. Kneps, in South Parkersburg, today, John Kneps, son of the owner, and David Jones were killed and Benj. Mounts

was seriously injured. Killed by a Cave-In. LORAIN, O., Oct. 30 .- While a number of men were digging a deep trench to-day at the Johnston steel works the earth caved in. A man named Griffin was killed and a companion, whose name was not learned, was fatally injured.

Daughters of the King.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 30 .- The second annual convention of the Daughters of the King, a charitable organization of Episcopal Church, opened this morning at St. Michael and All Angels' Church, Bishop Leiton Coleman, S. T. D., of Delaware, officiating at the opening services. He was assisted by the Rev. E. A. Bradley, of St. Agnes's Church, New York city, the Rev. C. Ernest Smith and the Rev. D. P. Allison, pastor and assistant, respectively of St. Michael and All Angels' Church. The sermon was delivered by the Rev. E. A. Bradley. There were about eighty delegates der by Mrs. E. A. Bradley, of New York, the president of the council, who will pre-

side during the convention. Wheel Works Burned. DAVENPORT, Ia., Oct. 30.-The Rettendorf wheel works were almost destroyed by fire to-night. Loss, \$40,000; insurance, \$18,000. The establishment is owned and operated by the Eagle iron works, of this city. A boy was killed by a hose cart going to the fire, the wheels passing over



Head and Scalp Raw with Places Size of Silver Dollar. Various Remedies only caused Fresh Eruptions. Applied CUTICURA. Change in Twenty-four Hours. Perfect Cure in Two Weeks.

My little son, aged three, was very much troubled with a breaking out on his scalp and behind his ear. The places affected were about as large as a silver dollar; the flesh seemed raw and covered with little blisters. The child suffered considerably, and was naturally very fretful. I tried several remedies without obtaining any beneficial results; in fact the eruptions seemed to be spreading and new places breaking out. I concluded to try the CUTICURA REMEDIES. I washed the ffected parts with the CUTICURA SOAP, taking care not to irritate the flesh, and applied CUTICURA. I noticed a change for the better in the appearance of the eruptions in twenty-four hours, and in two weeks the eruptions entirely disappeared, leaving the skin smooth and the scalp clean; in fact a perfect cure, as I have not seen any indications of any eruption or breaking out since. I gave the child only a few doses of the CUTICURA RE-SOLVENT. I consider your CUTICURA REME-DIES VERY VALUABLE. I believe CUTICURA would be excellent for applying to insect bites, which are very annoying in this country. C. A. ARMSTRONG, Swift Island, N. C.

Sold throughout the world. Price, Cuticuna, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. POTTER DEQC AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. 23" How to Cure Every Skin Disease," free-